Subject Description Form

Subject Code	APSS1A21/M (APSS1A21: with ER/EW; APSS1A21M: without ER/EW)
Subject Title	Service Leadership
Credit Value	3
Level	1
GUR Requirements Intended to Fulfill (APSS1A21)	This subject intends to fulfill the following requirement(s) : Healthy Lifestyle AI and Data Analytics (AIDA) Innovation and Entrepreneurship (IE) Languages and Communication Requirement (LCR) Leadership Education and Development (LEAD) Service-Learning Cluster-Area Requirement (CAR) Human Nature, Relations and Development [CAR A] Science, Technology and Environment [CAR D] Chinese History and Culture [CAR M] Cultures, Organizations, Societies and Globalization [CAR N] Hina-Study Requirement Yes or No Writing and Reading Requirements English or
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Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: APSS1A21U / APSS1A21V

Assessment			
Methods	100% Continuous Assessment	Individual Assessment	Group Assessment
	Class Participation / Preparation (including home assignments):	15%	
	Group Project		35%
	Term Paper	50%	
		abject; and apponent(s) if he/she is to	assignments are pass the subject.
Objectives	 service-oriented economy. Curr contribute to 95% of the Gross service sector have gradually constitutes effective leadership in manufacturing economy which va- leadership styles which are predo- economy prizes distributed, tra- leadership styles. Service leadership communication between service is satisfying the needs of oneself and the community. In addition, work required to possess professional selection equipped with intrapersonal and provide personalized and high environment (Shek, Chung & Leu The above calls for the emerging recompetences that will enable them the needs of the changing society. to enable students to: 1. Learn the basic models of lead 2. Understand the basic leaded leaders, including leadership 3. Reflect on their own servit competences, moral character 4. Learn to develop and apply leader; 5. Cultivate an appreciation of development and wellness of whole world; and 6. Learn to fulfill their respond needs of self, others, society. 	g need to develop among students the necessary em to become effective service leaders to mee y. In light of the above, this subject is designed eadership with reference to the service sector; dership attributes intrinsic to effective servi ip competences, moral character, and care; rvice leadership qualities, including leadersh	
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, st		with reference to the
	a. Understand the contemporal service sector, including theib. Demonstrate understanding	r assertions, strengths and	d weaknesses;
Last undate in July 2024	. Demonstrate understanding		the academic year of 2024-2

	 effective service leaders; c. Reflect upon the need for developing the qualities of effective service leaders and their own leadership qualities, particularly the connection of these leadership attributes to one's professional development, personal growth in the service economy; d. Demonstrate self-leadership in pursuit of continual improvement in their own service leadership qualities including competence (intrapersonal and interpersonal competence), care, and character; e. Appreciate the potential application of knowledge on effective service leadership gained in this subject to one's daily lives; f. Recognize their social responsibilities as service leaders to satisfy a wide range of needs, including needs of self, others, society, nation, and the whole world.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	• Lecture 1: Introduction Overview of the subject: content, format, assignments and assessment criteria. Definitions and conceptions of Service Leadership; nature and rationales of Service Leadership; service sector and Service Leadership; relevance of Service Leadership to university students and graduates in Hong Kong; differences between manufacturing economy and service economy; desired leadership attributes under manufacturing and service economies; three realms of Service Leadership.
	• Lecture 2: Core beliefs and components Seven core beliefs about Service Leadership; Service Leadership as a function of competences of leadership, moral character, and care [E (Effective Service Leadership) = 3Cs (Character × Competence × Care)]; ultimate goals of Service Leadership education; essential knowledge, skills, as well as attitudes and value strands.
	• Lecture 3: Basic leadership competences: Intrapersonal competences IQ (task-relevant knowledge, problem solving, and decision making); EQ (understanding and managing emotion effectively); AQ (adversity quotient); SQ (spiritual quotient).
	• Lecture 4: Basic leadership competences: Interpersonal competences Importance of communication; communication skills; positive social relationship building; conflict resolution.
	• Lecture 5: Character strengths and Service Leadership The server is the service; moral character; basic character strengths such as love of learning, honesty, courage, perseverance, humility, and gratitude.
	• Lecture 6: Caring disposition and Service Leadership Universal dimensions of social cognition (warmth and competence); primary elements of care (love, listening, and empathy).
	• Lecture 7: Character strengths in Chinese philosophies Relevance of Confucian virtues to Service Leadership: integrity (lian), shame (chi), loyalty (zhong), filial piety (xiao), benevolence (ren), affection (ai), trustworthiness (xin), righteousness (yi), propriety (li), wisdom (zhi), harmony (he), and peace (ping) in Confucian thoughts.
	• Lecture 8: Contemporary leadership models and the dark side of leadership Review of contemporary models of leadership, including top-down and

	bottom-up leadership models; charismatic leadership, authentic leadership, spiritual leadership, transformational leadership, and servant leadership; strengths and limitations of existing leadership models; the characteristics, origins and ways to prevent the dark side of leadership.
	• Lecture 9: Factors leading to creation, development, and maintenance of positive social relationship
	Trust, fairness, respect, care, behavioral consistency, and loyalty.
	• Lecture 10: Self-leadership and Service Leadership Everyone is a leader; optimization of one's operating systems; personal branding; the importance of self-monitoring and self-improvement.
	• Lecture 11: Developmental assets and Service Leadership Self-esteem, self-efficacy, purpose in life and optimism about future.
	• Lecture 12: Review of effective service leadership qualities and dark side of leadership
	Comparisons with the existing models of leadership; critical evaluation of the HKI-SLAM model; dark side of leadership.
	• Lecture 13: Wrap-up lecture Potential application of service leadership knowledge to oneself: possibilities and difficulties; social responsibilities of university students as service leaders; wrap-up.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Students taking this course are expected to be sensitive to their own behaviors in the intrapersonal and interpersonal contexts. Intellectual thinking, reflective learning, experiential learning and collaborative learning are emphasized in the course. The teaching/learning methodology includes:
	 a. Lectures; b. Experiential learning sessions; c. Group project; and d. Written assignment.
	In addition to lecturing, students will also engage in experiential learning activities such as discussions and debates on critical issues central to service leadership, role-plays of situations faced by service leaders, problem-based cases to solve, demonstrations, questionnaires, games and simulations. Through experimenting and practicing, students will be able to reflect on the experience to better assimilate, conceptualize and apply knowledge in a more practical way.
	Other teaching/learning methodology in APSS1A21: To enable students to meet the "EW" requirement, students will be required to view a short lecture series available online provided by ELC. The series aims at equipping students with writing skills to enable them to write more effectively in English. Students are also required to submit two online drafts of the same piece of extensive writing to staff of ELC in order to gain feedback regarding their writing. The submissions will allow ELC staff to assess the progress made by students in the writing process and the quality of their work.
	To enable students to meet the "ER" requirement, ELC has also developed an interactive online learning kit that students can take voluntarily. The kit comprises resources that will enhance students' reading skills. Students are also expected to study the prescribed readings on the Reading List and to complete their Term Paper designed to assess their reading abilities.

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ethods in Specific assessment	%			subje s to b				
ignment with methods/tasks	weighting			s to b ick as				
tended earning		a	b	c	d	e	f	
Itcomes 1. Class Participation / Preparation (including home assignments)	15%	~	~	~	~	~	~	
 2. Group Project 30% group presentation [assessed by subject teacher] 5% group project participation contribution [assessed by peers] 	35%	~	~	~		V		
 3. Term Paper 10% "ER" Requirement [10% assessed by APSS] 40% "EW" Requirement [30% assessed by APSS] [10% assessed by ELC] 	50%	~	~	~	~	~	~	
Total	100 %							
APSS1A21M:	1	1					I	
Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						
		a	b	c	d	e	f	
1. Class Participation / Preparation (including home assignments)	15%	~	~	~	~	~	~	
 2. Group Project 30% group presentation [assessed by subject teacher] 5% group project participation contribution [assessed by peers] 	35%	~	~	~		~		
3. Term Paper	50%	~	~	~	~	~	~	
Total	100 %							
Explanation of the appropriatenes learning outcomes:	s of the asses	smer	nt me	thods	in as	ssessi	ng the	inten
1. <u>Assessment of Class Par</u> classroom activities and pu the subject matter and the themselves and promote an qualities. Hence, marks for be given. Students will be a a) preparation for lectures	eparation for emselves, dev appreciation class partici ssessed in ter	r lect velop of th patio	ures socia e imj n ano f:	can l al sk porta d prej	nelp s ills, nce c parati	stude conne of servion fo	nts und ect lear vice lea or lectu	dersta rning adersh ires w

participation in class (e.g., completing worksheets, sharing personal views/feelings, and taking initiative to answer questions and join activities in class).

2. <u>Assessment of Group Project (35%)</u>: Assessment of group project includes group project presentation assessed by subject teacher(s) (30%) and group project participation assessed by peers in the group (5%). Group project can give an indication of the students' understanding, integration and critique of theories and concepts on the basic qualities in effective service leaders. It can also demonstrate personal and group reflections, interpersonal skills and reciprocal learning. Students are required to submit written presentation materials (e.g., PowerPoint slides) before the presentation. Students will also be invited to assess the contribution of their group members to the group project by one item of 6-point (0-5) scale. The marks will reflect the mastery of knowledge, self-reflection and quality of interpersonal skills (such as collaboration with other members and contribution to the group) of the group members.

3. <u>Assessment of Term Paper (50%)</u>:

APSS1A21:

To enable students to meet the "ER" requirement, students are required to read the prescribed readings (100,000 words or 200 pages). The arguments of the readings should be reflected in the term paper. Subject teacher will grade the extent students fulfill the "ER" requirement. For "EW" requirement, students are required to produce a term paper with at least **2,500** words in English. The term paper will give an indication of the student's understanding, integration and critique of theories and concepts on the essential qualities emphasized in service leadership. It can also demonstrate the student's self-assessment, selfreflection, connection of the subject matter to oneself and how the student recognizes the importance of actively pursuing knowledge covered in the subject. Subject teacher and ELC will jointly grade the final paper. In order to pass this subject, students must pass the "EW" requirement, i.e., attain a minimum grade "D" in the writing component.

APSS1A21M:

Students are required to produce a term paper with at least **1,500** words in English. The term paper will give an indication of the student's understanding, integration and critique of theories and concepts on the essential qualities emphasized in service leadership. It can also demonstrate the student's self-assessment, self-reflection, connection of the subject matter to oneself and how the student recognizes the importance of actively pursuing knowledge covered in the subject.

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	 Lectures and experiential learning activities 	39 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	 Group project preparation 	23 Hrs.
	 Reading and writing term paper 	73 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	135 Hrs.

Reading List and References	APSS1A21: In line with the reading requirement, students will be required to read an extensive text with 100,000 words or 200 pages. A maximum of 4 manuscripts/text will be selected from the list below:
	Reading List to Fulfill "ER" requirement in APSS1A21
	1. Chung, P. P. Y., & Elfassy, R. (2016). <i>The 12 dimensions of a Service Leader</i> (1st ed.). New York, NY: Lexingford Publishing. [185 pages]
	 Gill, R. (2011). <i>Theory and practice of leadership</i>. Thousand Oaks, Calif.: Sage. (Chapter 3: Leadership Theory: A Critical Review, Synthesis and Redefinition). [45 pages]
	 Shek, D. T. L., Chung, P. P. Y., Lin, L., Leung, H., & Ng, E. C. W. (2018). Service Leadership under the Service Economy. In J. L. Chin, J. E. Trimble & J. E. Garcia (Eds.), <i>Global and culturally diverse leaders and leadership: New dimensions and challenges for business, education and society</i> (pp. 143–161). Bingley: Emerald Publishing. [19 pages]
	 Shek, D. T. L., Yu, L., Ma, C. M. S., Sun, R. C. F., & Liu, T. T. (2013). Development of a credit-bearing service leadership subject for university students in Hong Kong. <i>International Journal of Adolescent Medicine and</i> <i>Health</i>, 25(4), 353–361. [9 pages]
	 Shek, D. T. L., & Leung, H. (2015). Service Leadership qualities in university students through the lens of student well-being. In D. T. L. Shek & P. P. Y. Chung (Eds.), <i>Promoting Service Leadership qualities in university</i> students (pp. 1-16). Singapore: Springer. [16 pages]
	 Stewart, G. L., Courtright, S. H., & Manz, C. C. (2011). Self-leadership: A multilevel review. <i>Journal of Management</i>, 37, 185-222. [37 pages]
	References for both APSS1A21 and APSS1A21M
	Basic References
	1. Buhrmester, D., Furman, W., Wittenberg, M. T., & Reis, H. T. (1988). Five domains of interpersonal competence in peer relationships. <i>Journal of Personality and Social Psychology</i> , 55(6), 991-1008.
	 Chemers, M. M., Watson, C. B., & May, S. T. (2000). Dispositional affect and leadership effectiveness: A comparison of self-esteem, optimism, and efficacy. <i>Personality and Social Psychology Bulletin</i>, 26(3), 267-277.
	 Cheung, C. K., & Chan, A. C. F. (2008). Benefits of Hong Kong Chinese CEOs' Confucian and Daoist leadership styles. <i>Leadership and Organization</i> <i>Development Journal</i>, 29, 474-503.
	 Dulewicz, C., Young, M., & Dulewicz, V. (2005). The relevance of emotional intelligence for leadership performance. <i>Journal of General Management</i>, 30, 71-86.
	5. Emmons, R. A. (2000). Is spirituality an intelligence? Motivation, cognition, and the psychology of ultimate concern. <i>International Journal for the Psychology of Religion</i> , 10(1), 3-26.
	6. Gronfeldt, S., & Strother, J. (2006). <i>Service leadership: The quest for competitive advantage</i> . Thousand Oaks, Calif.: Sage. (Chapters 1, 2, 3 and 12).
	7. Mahsud, R., Yukl, G., & Prussia, G. (2010). Leader empathy, ethical

leadership, and relations-oriented behaviors as antecedents of leader- member exchange quality. <i>Journal of Managerial Psychology</i> , 25(6), 561- 577.
8. Peterson, C., & Park, N. (2006). Character strengths in organizations. Journal of Organizational Behavior, 27(8), 1-6.
9. Shek, D. T. L., Chung, P. P. Y., & Leung, H. (2015a). How unique is the service leadership model? A comparison with contemporary leadership approaches. <i>International Journal on Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(3): 217–231.
10. Shek, D. T. L., Chung, P. P. Y., & Leung, H. (2015b). Manufacturing economy versus service economy: Implications for service leadership. <i>International Journal on Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(3): 205–215.
 Shek, D. T. L., & Li, X. (2015). The role of a caring disposition in service leadership. <i>International Journal of Disability and Human Development</i>, 14(4), 319-332.
12. Shek, D. T. L., & Lin, L. (2015a). Core beliefs in the service leadership model proposed by the Hong Kong Institute of Service Leadership and Management. <i>International Journal on Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(3), 233-242.
13. Shek, D. T. L., & Lin, L. (2015b). Factors leading to creation, development and maintenance of positive social relationship. <i>International Journal of Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(4), 333-342
14. Shek, D. T. L., & Lin, L. (2015c). Intrapersonal competencies and service leadership. <i>International Journal on Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(3), 255-263.
15. Shek, D. T. L., Ma, C. M. S., & Liu, T. T. (2015). Adolescent developmental assets and service leadership. <i>International Journal on Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(3), 275-283.
 Shek, D. T. L., Ma, C. M. S., Liu, T. T., & Siu, A. M. H. (2015). The role of self-leadership in service leadership. <i>International Journal on Disability and</i> <i>Human Development</i>, 14(4), 343-350.
17. Shek, D. T. L., Sun, R. C. F., & Liu, T. T. (2015a). Character strengths in Chinese philosophies: Relevance to service leadership. <i>International Journal of Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(4), 309-318.
18. Shek, D. T. L., Sun, R. C. F., & Liu, T. T. (2015b). Evolution and realms of service leadership and leadership models. <i>International Journal on Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(3), 243-254.
19. Shek, D. T. L., & Yu, L. (2015). Character strengths and service leadership. <i>International Journal of Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(4), 299- 307.
20. Shek, D. T. L., Yu, L., & Fu, X. (2013). Confucian virtues and Chinese adolescent development: A conceptual review. <i>International Journal of Adolescent Medicine and Health</i> , 25(4), 335-344.
21. Shek, D. T. L., Yu, L., & Siu, A. M. H. (2015). Interpersonal competence and service leadership. <i>International Journal on Disability and Human Development</i> , 14(3), 265-274.
22. Spears, L. C. (2010). Character and servant leadership: Ten

 characteristics of effective, caring leaders. The Journal of Virtues & Leadership, 1(1), 25-30. Supplementary References 1. Adair, J. F. (2005). How to grow leaders: The seven key principles of effective leadership development. Starling, VA: Kogan Page. 2. Avolio, B. J., Walumbwa, F. O., & Weber, T. J. (2009). Leadership: Current theories research, and future directions. Annual Review of Psychology. 60, 421-449. 3. Bolden, R., & Gosling, J. (2006). Leadership competencies: Time to change the tune? Leadership, 2, 147-163. 4. Chung, P. P. Y. (2012). Service reborn: The knowledge, skills, and attitudes of service companies (1st ed.). New York, NY: Lexingford Publishing. 5. Chung, P. P. Y. & Bell, A. H. (2015). The 25 principles of Service Leadership. New York, NY: Lexingford Publishing. 6. Dhiman, S. (2007). Personal mastery: Our quest for self-actualization, meaning, and highest purpose. Interbeing, 1(1), 25-35. 7. Ferch, S. R., & Spears, L. C. (2011). The spirit of servant-leadership. Malwah, NJ: Paulist Press. 8. Fiske, S. T., Cuddy, A. J., & Glick, P. (2007). Universal dimensions of social cognition: Warmth and competence. TRENDS in Cognitive Sciences, 11(2), 77-83. 9. Guo, K. L., & Anderson, D. (2005). Innovation in the service sector: The demand for service-specific innovation measurement concepts and typologies. Research Policy, 34, 517-535. 11. Lopez, S. J., & Louis, M. C. (2009). The principles of strengths-based education. Journal of College & Character, 10, 1-8. 12. Ma, H. K. (2006). Social competence as a positive youth development construct: Conceptual bases and implications for curriculum development. International Journal of Addlescent Medicine and Health, 18(3), 379-383. 13. Ma, L., & Tsui, A. S. (2015). Traditional Chinese philosophies and contentporty leadership. The Leadership Duatershy, 26(4), 414-61. 15. McEllbatton, E., & Jackson, B. (2012). Paradox in harmony		
 Adair, J. E. (2005). How to grow leaders: The seven key principles of effective leadership development. Sterling, VA: Kogan Page. Avolio, B. J., Walumbwa, F. O., & Weber, T. J. (2009). Leadership: Current theories research, and future directions. Annual Review of Psychology, 60, 421-449. Bolden, R., & Gosling, J. (2006). Leadership competencies: Time to change the tune? Leadership, 2, 147-163. Chung, P. P. Y. (2012). Service reborn: The knowledge, skills, and attitudes of service companies (1st ed.). New York, NY: Lexingford Publishing. Chung, P. P. Y. & Bell, A. H. (2015). The 25 principles of Service Leadership. New York, NY: Lexingford Publishing. Dhiman, S. (2007). Personal mastery: Our quest for self-actualization, meaning, and highest purpose. Interbeing, 1(1), 25-35. Ferch, S. R., & Spears, L. C. (2011). The spirit of servant-leadership. Mahwah, NI: Paulist Press. Fiske, S. T., Cuddy, A. J., & Glick, P. (2007). Universal dimensions of social cognition: Warmth and competence. TRENDS in Cognitive Sciences, 17(2), 77-83. Guo, K. L., & Anderson, D. (2005). The new health care paradigm: Roles and competencies of leaders in the service line management approach. Leadership in Health Services, 18(4), 12-20. Hipp, C., & Grupp, H. (2005). Innovation in the service sector: The demand for service-specific innovation measurement concepts and typologies. Research Policy, 34, 517-535. Lopez, S. J., & Louis, M. C. (2009). The principles of strengths-based education. Journal of College & Character, 10, 1-8. Ma, H. K. (2006). Social competence as a positive youth development construct: Conceptual bases and implications for curriculum development development construct: Conceptual bases and poly Quarterly, 26(1), 13-24. Ma, L., & Tsui, A. S. (2015). Traditional Chinese philosophies and contemporary leadership. Leadership Quarterly, 26(1), 13-24. <li< th=""><th></th><th>characteristics of effective, caring leaders. The Journal of Virtues & Leadership, 1(1), 25-30.</th></li<>		characteristics of effective, caring leaders. The Journal of Virtues & Leadership, 1(1), 25-30.
 effective leadership development. Sterling, VA: Kogan Page. Avolio, B. J., Walumbwa, F. O., & Weber, T. J. (2009). Leadership: Current theories research, and future directions. <i>Annual Review of Psychology, 60,</i> 4211-449. Bolden, R., & Gosling, J. (2006). Leadership competencies: Time to change the tune? <i>Leadership, 2,</i> 147-163. Chung, P. P. Y. (2012). <i>Service reborn: The knowledge, skills, and attitudes of service companies</i> (1st ed.). New York, NY: Lexingford Publishing. Chung, P. P. Y, & Bell, A. H. (2015). <i>The 25 principles of Service Leadership.</i> New York, NY: Lexingford Publishing. Dhiman, S. (2007). Personal mastery: Our quest for self-actualization, meaning, and highest purpose. <i>Interbeing, 1</i>(1), 25-35. Ferch, S. R., & Spears, L. C. (2011). <i>The spirit of servant-leadership.</i> Mahwah, NJ: Paulist Press. Fiske, S. T., Cuddy, A. J., & Glick, P. (2007). Universal dimensions of social cognition: Warmth and competence. <i>TRENDS in Cognitive Sciences, 11</i>(2), 77-83. Guo, K. L., & Anderson, D. (2005). The new health care paradigm: Roles and competencies of leaders in the service line management approach. <i>Leadership in Health Services, 18</i>(4), 12-20. Hipp, C., & Grupp, H. (2005). Innovation in the service sector: The demand for service-specific innovation measurement concepts and typologies. <i>Research Policy, 34</i>, 517-535. Lopez, S. J., & Louis, M. C. (2009). The principles of strengths-based education. <i>Journal of College & Character, 10</i>, 1-8. Ma, H. K. (2006). Social competence as a positive youth development construct: Conceptual bases and implications for curriculum development. <i>International Journal of Adolescent Medicine and Health, 18</i>(3), 379-385. Ma, L., & Tsui, A. S. (2015). Traditional Chinese philosophies and contemporary leadership. <i>The Leadership Quarterly, 26</i>(1), 13-24. Manz, C. C., & Neck, C. P. (2010). <i>Mastering self-leadership: Empowering yoursel for personal e</i>	Supp	lementary References
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